Title: Dental Anesthesia

Description/Background

Anesthesia services consist of the administration of an anesthetic agent in one of the following forms:

- General anesthesia means the loss of ability to perceive pain when associated with loss of consciousness produced by intravenous infusion of drugs or inhalation of anesthetic agents.
- Regional anesthesia is the use of local anesthetic solution(s) to produce circumscribed areas of loss of sensation. This includes nerve, spinal, epidural and field blocks. Epidural anesthesia is produced by injection of a local anesthetic solution into the epidural space. Spinal anesthesia places the anesthetic agents into the subarachnoid space.
- Local anesthesia is infiltration or topical application of an anesthetic into or onto the operative site.
- Intravenous sedation produces a depressed level of consciousness that retains the patient’s ability to independently and continuously maintain the airway.

Most dental care is provided in an office setting using local anesthesia. Occasionally, intravenous sedation may be offered. Under certain circumstances, it may be necessary to perform these procedures in a hospital or outpatient surgical facility using intravenous sedation or general anesthesia.

This policy addresses the medical criteria for coverage for anesthesia provided during a dental procedure. Even if the anesthesia meets medical criteria for coverage, the surgical procedure itself may be considered dental by the member’s contract.

Medical Policy Statement

The safety and efficacy of general anesthesia and/or intravenous sedation for specified dental procedures have been established. They are useful therapeutic options for patients meeting the appropriate patient selection criteria.
Inclusionary and Exclusionary Guidelines (Clinically based guidelines that may support individual consideration and pre-authorization decisions)

For anesthesia services during a dental procedure to be eligible for separate reimbursement, the anesthesia must be rendered by a provider other than the provider (such as an anesthetist or CRNA), performing the dental service itself. All facility charges incurred in association with the anesthesia charges are covered under the medical/surgical benefit if any ONE the following criteria are met.

• For children under age seven (i.e., through the end of the sixth year)
• For older patients (over the age of seven), consider the extent of the procedures required. At a minimum, the patient should require:
  − A total of six or more teeth to be extracted, or
  − Other procedures that must be performed in two or more quadrants of the mouth on the same date of service.

In addition, for patients over the age of seven, one of the following conditions must exist:
  − A concurrent hazardous medical or behavioral condition that creates a documented medical necessity for performing the procedure in a facility using general anesthesia or sedation. These conditions may include, but are not limited to, labile hypertension, significant cardiac arrhythmias (more than 5 premature ventricular contractions per minute on EKG), severe cerebral palsy and/or spasticity, morbid obesity, severe autism, movement disorders, chronic respiratory disease, hemophilia, uncontrolled diabetes, etc. Note: A history of chronic diabetes mellitus is not considered a concurrent hazardous medical condition under the above criteria.
  − Significant cellulitis or swelling and associated trismus (a sustained spasm of the jaw muscles, characteristic of the early stages of tetanus) that does not allow the use of local anesthesia.
  − Extensive orofacial and/or dental trauma for which treatment under local anesthesia would be ineffective or compromised.

Exclusions:
• Patients with situational anxiety and/or stable chronic medical conditions do not satisfy the above criteria.
• Intravenous sedation or other sedation/anesthesia administered in the provider’s office.

CPT/HCPCS Level II Codes (Note: The inclusion of a code in this list is not a guarantee of coverage. Please refer to the medical policy statement to determine the status of a given procedure)

Established codes:
00170 41899

Rationale

Dental procedures done in the office setting do not allow for more carefully monitored and controlled conditions necessary when a patient has a documented medical necessity to perform the procedure in a facility under general anesthesia or sedation.
**Government Regulations**

**National:**

**Article for Review of Dental Services (A41333) 3/13/2008.**
Currently, Medicare will pay for dental services that are an integral part either of a covered procedure (e.g., reconstruction of the jaw following accidental injury), or for extractions done in preparation for radiation treatment for neoplastic diseases involving the jaw. Medicare will also make payment for oral examination, but not treatment preceding kidney transplantation or heart valve replacement, under certain circumstances.

**Statutory Dental Exclusion**

Section 1862 (a)(12) of the Social Security Act states, “Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, no payment may be made under part A or B for any expenses incurred for items or services—where such expenses are for services in connection with the care, treatment, filling, removal, or replacement of teeth or structures directly supporting teeth, except that payment may be made under part A in the case of inpatient hospital services in connection with the provision of such dental services if the individual, because of this underlying medical condition and clinical status or because of the severity of the dental procedure, requires hospitalization in connection with the provision of such services.”

**Coverage Principle**

Coverage is not determined by the value or the necessity of the dental care but by the type of service provided and the anatomical structure [defined as the periodontium, which includes the gingivae, periodontal membrane, cementum of the teeth and the alveolar bone, (i.e., alveolar process and tooth sockets)] on which the procedure is performed.

**Local:**

There is no local WPS coverage determination for dental anesthesia.

*(The above Medicare information is current as of the review date for this policy. However, the coverage issues and policies maintained by the Centers for Medicare & Medicare Services [CMS, formerly HCFA] are updated and/or revised periodically. Therefore, the most current CMS information may not be contained in this document. For the most current information, the reader should contact an official Medicare source.)*

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**Related Policies**

N/A
References


The articles reviewed in this research include those obtained in an Internet based literature search for relevant medical references through September 2018, the date the research was completed.
Joint BCBSM/BCN Medical Policy History

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Next Review Date: 4th Qtr, 2019

Pre-Consolidation Medical Policy History

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I. Coverage Determination:

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II. Administrative Guidelines:

- The member's contract must be active at the time the service is rendered.
- The service must be authorized by the member's PCP except for Self-Referral Option (SRO) members seeking Tier 2 coverage.
- Services must be performed by a BCN-contracted provider, if available, except for Self-Referral Option (SRO) members seeking Tier 2 coverage.
- Payment is based on BCN payment rules, individual certificate and certificate riders.
- Appropriate copayments will apply. Refer to certificate and applicable riders for detailed information.
- CPT - HCPCS codes are used for descriptive purposes only and are not a guarantee of coverage.