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Medical benefit drug policies are a source for BCBSM and BCN medical policy information only. These documents are not to be used to determine benefits or reimbursement. Please reference the appropriate certificate or contract for benefit information. This policy may be updated and therefore subject to change.

Effective Date: 10/03/2024

Veopoz[™] (pozelimab-bbfg)

HCPCS: J9376

Policy:

Requests must be supported by submission of chart notes and patient specific documentation.

- A. Coverage of the requested drug is provided when all the following are met:
 - a. FDA approved indication
 - b. FDA approved age
 - c. Confirmed biallelic CD55 loss-of-function mutation
 - d. Trial and failure, intolerance, or a contraindication to Soliris[®] or a Soliris biosimilar
 - e. Must not be used in combination with Soliris or any other C5 complement inhibitor
 - f. Trial and failure, intolerance, or a contraindication to the preferred products as specified in the BCBSM/BCN medical utilization management drug list
- B. Quantity Limitations, Authorization Period and Renewal Criteria
 - a. Quantity Limits: Align with FDA recommended dosing
 - b. Authorization Period: One year at a time
 - c. Renewal Criteria: Clinical documentation must be provided to confirm that current criteria are met and that the medication is providing clinical benefit

***Note: Coverage and approval duration may differ for Medicare Part B members based on any applicable criteria outlined in Local Coverage Determinations (LCD) or National Coverage Determinations (NCD) as determined by Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). See the CMS website at http://www.cms.hhs.gov/. Determination of coverage of Part B drugs is based on medically accepted indications which have supported citations included or approved for inclusion determined by CMS approved compendia.

Background Information:

Complement hyperactivation, angiopathic thrombosis, and protein-losing enteropathy (CHAPLE) disease is an ultrarare, potentially fatal, inherited autoimmune disorder. It is caused by a lack of CD55 protein and the inability to control complement activity. This leads to damaged blood and lymph vessels in the lower GI tract and a loss of protective immune proteins and blood cells. Patients experience abdominal pain, bloody diarrhea, nausea, vomiting, malabsorption, edema, delayed growth, recurrent lung infections, and blood clots.

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- Diagnosis of CHAPLE disease is made based on a combination of factors. Patients will exhibit a clinical history of
 protein-losing enteropathy (PLE) symptoms, such as hypoalbuminemia and hypogammaglobulinemia. Genetic
 testing must be performed to confirm a biallelic CD55 loss-of-function mutation on the CD55 gene. Furthermore,
 patients with CHAPLE disease will have extensive lymphangiectasia upon histological assessment of intestinal
 biopsy samples or resections.
- Supportive care had been the mainstay of treatment and includes anticoagulation therapy, a low-fat medium-chain triglyceride-supplemented diet, supplementation of iron, fat-soluble vitamins, and minerals, use of immunoglobulin replacement therapy for recurrent infections, and albumin infusions. In recent years, Soliris, a C5 complement inhibitor, has been studied and used for CHAPLE disease. It is now considered the treatment of choice due to the results from a clinical trial of 3 patients with CHAPLE disease showing marked clinical improvement with resolution of gastrointestinal symptoms, improved overall well-being, growth, and quality of life, and increases in albumin and total protein levels. In correlation with the clinical improvements, progress was observed in all laboratory outcome parameters including increases in albumin and total protein levels and up to an 80% reduction in membrane attack complex deposition on leukocytes (p-value < 0.001). The progress persisted over 18 months of treatment without any severe adverse events.</p>
- Veopoz is another C5 complement inhibitor indicated for the treatment of adult and pediatric patients 1 year of age and older with CHAPLE disease.
- Safety and efficacy were evaluated in a single-arm study in which patients' outcomes were compared to pretreatment data in patients with active CHAPLE disease. Patients' diagnoses were based on a clinical history of PLE symptoms and with a confirmed genotype of biallelic CD55 loss-of-function mutation. Active disease was defined as a serum albumin concentration of less than or equal to 3.2 g/dL with one or more of the following signs or symptoms within the last six months: diarrhea, abdominal pain, peripheral edema, or facial edema. Patients received a single 30 mg/kg loading dose of Veopoz administered by intravenous infusion followed by a weekly maintenance subcutaneous injection starting one week after the loading dose. Ten patients ranging from 3 to 19 years of age were assessed for efficacy. All 10 patients achieved a serum albumin concentration of at least 3.5 g/dL by week 12 which was maintained through at least 72 weeks. All 10 patients also demonstrated a reduction in the number of hospitalizations and number of albumin transfusions over the first 48 weeks of treatment as compared to the 48 weeks prior to treatment.
- Veopoz has not been studied and there is no data to support use in combination with other medications used to treat CHAPLE disease, such as, Soliris.

References:

- 1. Veopoz [prescribing information]. Tarrytown, NY: Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc.; March 2024.
- 2. Clinicaltrials.gov. An open-label efficacy and safety study of pozelimab in patients with CD55-deficient protein-losing enteropathy (CHAPLE Disease) (NCT04209634). Available at:
 - https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT04209634?term=CHAPLE&draw=2&rank=1. Accessed on August 21, 2023.
- Noris M & Remuzzi G. Overview of complement activation and regulation. Semin Nephro. 2013 Nov; 33 (6): 479 92.
- 4. Ozen A, Comrie WA, Ardy RC, et al. CD55 deficiency, early-onset protein-losing enteropathy, and thrombosis. NEJM. 2017 July 6; 377: 52 61.
- 5. Kurolap A, Eshach-Adiv O, Hershkovitz T, et al. Loss of CD55 in eculizumab-responsive protein-losing enteropathy. 2017 July 6; 377: 87 9.
- 6. Kurolap Á, Eshach-Adiv O, Hershkovitz T, et al. Eculizumab is safe and effective as a long-term treatment for protein-losing enteropathy due to CD55 deficiency. J Ped Gastro & Nutrition. 2019 March; 68 (3): 325 33.
- 7. IPD Analytics. Hematology: genetic disorders. 2023. Accessed on August 21, 2023.

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Policy	History			
#	Date	Change Description		
1.4	Effective Date: 10/03/2024	Annual review – no changes to the criteria at this time		
1.3	Effective Date: 10/15/2023	UM medical management system update for MAPPO and BCNA		
		Line of Business	PA Required in Medical Management System (Yes/No)	
		BCBS	Yes	
		BCN	Yes	
		МАРРО	Yes	
		BCNA	Yes	
1.2 1.1	Effective Date: 10/12/2023 Effective Date: 08/31/2023	New policy - this criteria replaces previously approved preliminary criteria UM medical management system update for BCBS and BCN		
		Line of Business	PA Required in Medical Management System (Yes/No)	
		BCBS	Yes	
		BCN	Yes	
		MAPPO	No	
		BCNA	No	
1.0	Effective Date: 06/08/2023	Preliminary drug review		
		Line of Business	PA Required in Medical Management System (Yes/No)	
		BCBS	No	
		BCN	No	
		МАРРО	No	
		BCNA	No	

* The prescribing information for a drug is subject to change. To ensure you are reading the most current information it is advised that you reference the most updated prescribing information by visiting the drug or manufacturer website or <u>http://dailymed.nlm.nih.gov/dailymed/index.cfm</u>.

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Blue Cross Blue Shield/Blue Care Network of Michigan Medication Authorization Request Form



This form is to be used by participating physicians to obtain coverage for **drugs covered under the medical benefit**. For <u>commercial members only</u>, please complete this form and submit via fax to 1-877-325-5979. If you have any questions regarding this process, please contact BCBSM Provider Relations and Servicing or the Medical Drug Helpdesk at 1-800-437-3803 for assistance.

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ai Diug rie	PATIENT INFORMATION	PHYSICIAN INFORMATION			
me		Name			
Number		Specialty			
D.O.B.		Address			
Diagnosis		City /State/Zip			
ug Name		Phone/Fax: P: () - F: () -			
se and Q	uantity	NPI			
ections		Contact Person			
te of Serv	ice(s)	Contact Person			
1: DI	SEASE STATE INFORMATION	Phone / Ext.			
L. Is thi	s request for: Initiation Continuation	Date patient started therapy:			
2. Admi	Administered by patient or a medical professional? 🗌 patient (self)				
3. Site of administration? Provider office/Home infusion Other:					
Hospital outpatient facility (go to #4) Reason for Hospital Outpatient administration:					
	Hospital inpatient facility for Car-T therap	y only (for example: Kymriah, Yescarta, or Tecartus) (go to #5)			
1. Pleas	Please specify location of administration if hospital outpatient infusion:				
. Please specify location of administration if hospital inpatient infusion:					
6. Please provide the NPI number for the place of administration:					
I	o. What other medication has the patient received for their co	ndition? Please list			
i. Please describe the response to previous therapies:					
c. Will the patient be receiving any other treatment for the listed condition while on this medication? Please list:					
d. Please list any labs values important for diagnosing or monitoring this patient's condition:					
 8. Continuation of therapy: a. Has the patient progressed while on this medication? yes no b. How has the patient's condition changed while on this medication? Improved: Please describe: Stable: please describe: Worsened; Please describe: 					
notes are		supporting medical information necessary for our review (required)			
	Coverage will not be provided if the prescribing physicia	n's signature and date are not reflected on this document.			
Request for expedited review: I certify that applying the standard review time frame may seriously jeopardize the life or health of the member or the member's ability to regain maximum function Physician Signature Date					
	Form Completely Filled Out	Attach test results			
cklist	Provide chart notes				
	Mumber Number O.B. agnosis ug Name bse and Qu rections ite of Serv P 1: DIS 1. Is thi 2. Admi 3. Site o 4. Pleas 5. Pleas 5. Pleas 5. Pleas 6. Pleas 6. Pleas 6. Pleas 7. Initia 8. Conti 9 8. Conti 9 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Number D.B. Male Female agnosis Image ug Name Image ise and Quantity Image rections Image ite of Service(s) Image 21: DISEASE STATE INFORMATION 1. Is this request for: Initiation 2. Administered by patient or a medical professional? patient (self) 3. Site of administration? Provider office/Home infusion O Image: Hospital outpatient facility (go to #4) Image: Hospital outpatient facility (go to #4) Image: Hospital outpatient facility (go to #4) 4. Please specify location of administration if hospital outpatient infusion: Image: Hospital inpatient facility (go to #4) Image: Hospital inpatient infusion: 5. Please specify location of administration if hospital inpatient infusion: Image: Hospital inpatient infusion: 6. Please the patient's diagnosis? Image: Hospital inpatient received for their composition that the patient be receiving any other treatment for the list 1. Please list any labs values important for diagnosing or monit 3. Continuation of therapy: Improved: Please describe: 6. How has the patient progressed wh			

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